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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/764,770	01/16/2001	Sumit Gupta	0007056-0073/P5380/RJL	7447
7:	590 11/23/2004		EXAMI	NER
B NOEL KIVLIN			NGUYEN BA, PAUL H	
MEYERTONS HOOD KIVLIN KOWERT & COETZEL P C		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
P O BOX 398		2176		

DATE MAILED: 11/23/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



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	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/764,770	GUPTA, SUMIT					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Paul Nguyen-Ba	2176					
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	opears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence addre	ess				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPITHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a relif NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	. 136(a). In no event, however, may a ply within the statutory minimum of the divill apply and will expire SIX (6) MC tte, cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed  nirty (30) days will be considered timely.  DNTHS from the mailing date of this comma  ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nunication.				
Status	•						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 08.	June 2004.	·					
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Disposition of Claims							
4)  Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the applicatio 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdres 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)  Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. 7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ ac							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			4.4544.15				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	= ' ' ' '					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prince application from the International Bureatteness.  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received.  Ints have been received in lority documents have been au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No en received in this National St	age				
	·						
Attachment(s)							
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/06 Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ol>	Paper N	v Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application (PTO-1 	52)				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Notice to Applicant

- 1. This action is responsive to:
  - a. Change in Power of Attorney, filed on September 27, 2004; and
  - b. Applicant's Amendment to First Office Action, filed on June 8, 2004.
- 2. Claims 1-20 have been considered. Claims 1, 10, and 18 are independent claims.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wang et al. ("'426"), U.S. Patent No. 5,848,426, in view of Wang, U.S. Patent No. 5,113,445 ("'445").

## **Independent Claim 1**

'426 teaches a method for converting a physical document into an electronic document (see Abstract) wherein a data file of a first business system (i.e. computer programs) is encoded into a 2-D image code, consisting of format information (see col. 7 lines 55-60), which is printed out to a physical document (col. 3 lines 1-5; col. 4 line 13-

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14; see also Figs. 4, 5, 7-10, 12) (compare with "converting said initial electronic document...physical document...formatting commands");

the document in human readable form (i.e. physical document) is then scanned and the 2-D machine readable image code is then decoded (compare with "interpret") to recover the format information on a second business system (see col. 4 lines 15-21) (compare with "transform said physical document into said second electronic document in accordance with said formatting commands").

'426 does not specifically teach *inserting the formatting command into an initial* electronic document. However, '426 teaches the preparation of a document with the 2-D formatting commands prior to printing the physical document (col. 6 lines 16-17).

Furthermore, '445 also teaches the transferring of the 2-D graphic indicia on carrier means (i.e. electronic document) in response to the first transfer drive signals prior to printing the set of data to physical form in response to second transfer drive signals for the purpose of preparing an initial electronic document for printing into a physical electronic document.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to modify the teaching of '426 with the teachings of '445 to include inserting the formatting command into an initial electronic document for the purpose of preparing an initial electronic document with formatting commands prior to converting the document into physical form.

#### Claims 2-8

'426 teaches a method for converting a physical document into an electronic document (see Abstract) wherein a data file of a first business system (i.e. computer

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programs) is encoded into a 2-D image code consisting of format information (see col. 7 lines 55-60) including pictorial and textural features extracted from the document (see col. 6 lines 29-32), but does not specifically teach wherein formatting commands are fonts, font sizes, alignment tags, tabs, margins, and table definitions.

However, it was commonly known to those of ordinary skill in the art and would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art that "format information" specifies properties, particularly visible properties, of an object. For example, word processing applications allow you to format text, which involves specifying the font, alignment, margins, and other properties for the purpose of organizing and personalizing the contents of a document for visible display.

#### Claim 9

'426 teaches placing one or more bar codes into said physical document wherein said bar codes are viewable representations of said formatting commands (col. 5 lines 42-50; see also Figs. 4 and 5).

#### **Independent Claim 10**

With respect to independent claim 10, please refer to the rationale relied upon to reject independent claim 1.

#### Claim 11

Claim 11 incorporates substantially similar subject matter as claim 2, and is rejected along the same rationale.

#### Claim 12

Claim 12 incorporates substantially similar subject matter as claim 3, and is rejected along the same rationale.

## Claim 13

Claim 13 incorporates substantially similar subject matter as claim 4, and is rejected along the same rationale.

## Claim 14

Claim 14 incorporates substantially similar subject matter as claim 5, and is rejected along the same rationale.

## Claim 15

Claim 15 incorporates substantially similar subject matter as claim 6, and is rejected along the same rationale.

## Claim 16

Claim 16 incorporates substantially similar subject matter as claim 7, and is rejected along the same rationale.

## Claim 17

Claim 17 incorporates substantially similar subject matter as claim 8, and is rejected along the same rationale.

# Claim 18

Claim 18 incorporates substantially similar subject matter as claim 9, and is rejected along the same rationale.

## Claim 19

With regards to claim 19, please refer to the rationale relied upon to reject independent claim 1.

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## Claim 20

With regards to claim 20, please refer to the rationale relied upon to reject independent claim 1. Furthermore, '426 teaches the method wherein said formatting commands are printed on a side of said physical document (see Figs. 7, 8, and 10).

#### Conclusion

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Paul Nguyen-Ba whose telephone number is (571) 272-4094. The examiner can normally be reached from 10:30 am - 7:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph Feild can be reached on (571) 272-4090. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

**PNB**